MESSAGE

The Daily News.

than States of this Union. At the very commencement of the rebellion each House declared, with a unanimity as remarkable as it was significant, that the was not "waged upon our part in any spirit of oppression, nor for any purpose of conquest or subjugation, nor purpose of overthrowing or interfering with the rights or established institutions of those States, but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the Constitution and all laws made in pursuance thereof, and to preserve the Union with all the dignity, equality and rights of the several States unimpaired; and that as soon as these objects were accomplished the war ought to cease." In some instances, Senators were permitted to continue their legislative functions, while in other instances Representatives were elected and admitted to seats after their States had formally declared their right to withdraw from the Union, and were endeavoring to maintain that right by force of arms. All of the States whose people were in insurrection, as States, were included in the apportionment of the direct tax of twenty millions of dollars annually laid upon the United States by the act approved 5th August, 1851. Congres, by the act of March 4, 1862, and by the apportionment of representation theremader, also recognized their presence as States in the Union; and they have, for judicial purposes, been divided into districts, as States alone-can be divided. The same recognition appears in the recent legislation in reference to Tennessee, which evidently rests upon the fact that the functions of the State were not destroyed by the rebellion, but macely suspended; and that principle is of course applicable to those States with the Union.

The action of the Executive Department of the Government upon this subject has been equally definite and uniform, and the purpose of the war was specially stated in the Proclamation issued by my predecessor on the 22d day of September, 1822. It was then solemnly proclaimed and declared that "haraster, as herestore, the war will be presented for

medical treatment, well sheltered and subsisted, and is to be furnished with brocch-loading small arms. The military strength of the nation has been unimpaired by the discharge of volunteers, the disposition of unserviceable or perishable stores, and the retremehment of expenditure. Sufficient war material to meet any emergency has been retained, and, from the disbanded volunteers standing ready to respond to the national call, large armies can be rapidly organized, equipped, and concentrated. Fortifications on the coast and frontier have received, or are being prepared for more powerful armaments; lake surveys and harbor and river improvements are in course of energetic procention. Preparations have been made for the payment of the additional bounties authorized during the recent session of Congress, under such regulations as will protect the Government from fraud, and secure to the honorably-discharged soldier the well-earned reward of his faithfulness and gallantry. More than six thousand mained soldiers have received artificial himbs or other surgical apparatus; and forty-one national cemetaries, containing the remains of 104,526 Union soldiers, have already been established. The total estimate for military appropriations is \$26, 205,669.

It is stated in the report of the Secretary of the New Learner of the state of the state of the secretary of the New Learner of the state of the state of the secretary of the New Learner of the state of the state of the secretary of the New Learner of the state of the state of the secretary of the New Learner of the state of the secretary of the New Learner of the state of the secretary of the New Learner of the secret

104,526 Union soldiers, have already been established. The total estimate for military appropriations is \$25,-205,669.

It is stated in the report of the Secretary of the Navy that the naval force at this time consists of two fundated and seventy-eight vessels, armed with two thousand three hundred and fifty-one guns. Of these, one hundred and fifty-one guns. Of these, one hundred and fifty-one guns, of these, one hundred and fifty-one guns, of these, one hundred and fifteen vessels, carrying one thousand and twenty-nine guns, are in commission, distributed chiefly among seven squadrons. The number of men in the service is thirteen thousand air hundred. Great activity and vigilisace have been displayed by all the squadrons, and their movements have been judiciously and efficiently arranged, in such manner as would best promote American commerce, and protect the rights and interests of our countrymen abroad. The vessels uncomployed are undergoing repairs, or are laid up until their services may be required. Most of the iron-clad fleet is at League Island, in the vicinity of Philadelphia, a place which, until decisive action should be the provided for the iron-clad fleet.

It is intended that these vessels shall be in proper condition for that class of vessels. It is important that a suitable public station should be provided for the iron-clad fleet.

It is intended that these vessels shall be in proper condition for any emergency, and it is desirable that the bill soccepting League Island for naval purposes, which passed the House of Representatives at its last session, should receive final action at an early period, in order that there may be a suitable public station for this class of vessels, as well as a navy-yard of area sufficient for the wants of the service, on the Delawars river. The Naval Pension fund amounts to \$11,750,000, having been increased \$2,750,000 during the year. The expenditures of the Department for the fiscal year ending 30th June last were \$43,324,526, and the estimates for the coming ye

westpraine goins, are in commission. One thousand and westpraine goins, are in commission. The number of men in the contract of the Executive Department of the Government upon this subject has been equally definite and mind and the entire that the process of the commission of the Executive Department of the Government of the growth of the process of the commission of the Executive Department of the Government of the Govern

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estreetly engaged in the reorganization of domestic industry.

It is a subject of congratulation that no foreign combinations against our domestic peace and gafety, or our legitima e influence among the nations, have been formed or attempted. While sentiments of reconciliation, loysity, and patriotism have increased at bome, a more just consideration of our national character and rights has been manifested by foreign nations.

The entire success of the Atlantic Telegraph between the coast of Ireland and the Fronnee of Newfoundland, is an achievement which has been justly celebrated in both hamispheres as the opening of an ers in the progress of civilization. There is reason to expect that equal success will attend, and even greater results follow, the enterprise for connecting the two Continents through the Pacific Ocean by the projected line of telegraph between Kamschatks and the Russian possessions in America.

The resolution of Congress protesting against pardons by foreign Governments of persons convicted of infamous offences, on condition of emigration to our country, has been communicated to the States with which we maintain intercourse, and the practice, so justly the subject of complaint on our part, has not been renewed.

The congratulations of Congress to the Emperor of Russia, upon his escape from attempted assassination, have been presented to that humans and emightened ruler, and received by him with expressions of grateful approclation.

NO. 219 KING STREET.

to fill up their Stock, and can now offer to purchasers choice and attractive styles of GARMENTS of all

vival of fraternal relations, the complete obliteration of our past differences, and the reinauguration of all the pursuits of peace. Directing our efforts to the early accomplishment of these great ends, let us endeavor to preserve harmony between the co-ordinate Departments of the Government, that each in its proper sphere may cordially co-operate with the other in securing the maintenance of the Constitution, the preservation of the Union, and the perpetuity of our free institutions.

Washington, December 3, 1886.

GLOTHING.

CALL AT

No. 35 BROAD STREET

AND BXAMINE A FINE LOT OF

MELTONS

Forty Dollars. JAMES McCORMICK, MERCHANT TAILOR.

DORBAUM & MENKE, Berren Rleidermacher,

MERCHANT TAILORS.

No. 186 KING STREET,

THIRD DOOR ABOVE HORLBECK'S ALLEY.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED THEIR NEW STOCK OF FAILL AND WINTER GOODS, consisting of the innest FRENCH AND ENGLISH BROADCLOTES, DOESKINS, and a full variety of the nestest and latest style patterns of CASHMERES, VELVETS, SILKS, &c., Beaver and Esquimanx Cloths, for Overcosts, and a full supply of Medium Grade Cloths and Cassimeres for Business Suits.

They are now prepared to make up Garmenie as cheap-y as can be done in any Northern city, and finished in the latest and most fashionable styles, or in any style that may be desired. the latest and most mention their friends and the public to may be desired.

They respectfully invite their friends and the public to call and examine the stock for themselves.

All orders will be promptly executed and good fits and prompt werkmanship will be guarantes.

Stuthumo CLOTHING.

ESTABLISHED IN

1830,

AND NOW RE-OPENED AT

WEST SIDE, ONE DOOR SOUTH OF MARKET STREET, UNDER THE CARE OF

> THE SAME PRINCIPAL AND ASSISTANTS,

HAVE RECEIVED DURING THE

SEASONABLE CLOTHING.

BOYS' AND YOUTHS

CLOTHING.

FURNISHING GOODS

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT

which can be made up under the supervision of a first-class FRENCH

WM. MATTHIESSEN.

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100 Cadet Mixed Fancy

Suits at - - - - 15 100 Oxford Mixed Suits at - - - 16

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All of which are of the best

THE BEST CUTTERS

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J. S. PHILLIPS.

CASSIMERES, and

well supplied with a variety of

BEAVERS,

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CLOTHING HOUSE CLOTHING REDUCED OF CHARLESTON.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Lower than can be sold in Charleston

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FANCY CASSIMERE (very stylish)...... 18.00 HEAVY SCOTCH CASSIMERE..... HEAVY BLUE FRENCH COATING..... BLUE FRENCH COATING..... HEAVY FINE BLACK BEAVER...... FINE TRICOT..... FINE TRICOT ...

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DOUBLE AND TWIST, FINE GOODS AND GOOD PATTERNS....

HEAVY FANCY CASSIMERE..... HEAVY AND FINE SILK MIXTURE..... HEAVY FANCY CASSIMERE.
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HEAVY AND FINE HARRIS CASSIMERE. 11.00 HEAVY SCOTCH CASSIMERE..... 12.08 HEAVY FINE TRICOT..... FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC MANUFACTURE. BLACK CASSIMERE.....

BLACK DOESKIN.... BLACK DOESKIN (very good)..... BLACK GERMAN DOESKIN.... BLACK FRENCH DOESKIN, FINE.....

BLACK FRENCH DOESKIN (very fine).... 18.00 in the country, who, from his extensive experience, both in Europe and America, is prepared to guarantee A PIT TO ALL.

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we offer at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. As a change is about to take place, and Mr. GEORGE LITTLE has purchased the interest of one of the firm, he is desirous of selling out the Stock on hand in order to commence anew on the first of January, 1967, December 1

ORDERS FROM THEIR FORMER CUSTOMERS AT A DISTANCE WITH SATISFACTION.

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